13.3 Irish - English Conflict in a Global Context, 1519-1685 Source: John O"Beirne Ranelagh, *A Short History of Ireland* (NY: Cambridge University Press, 1983)

Question: How are conflicts between Ireland and England taking place within the context of broader global events?

Year	Irish-English Conflict	Global Context
1519-1521	Henry VIII increases taxes in Ireland and	Martin Luther challenges authority of the Roman
	English control.	Catholic Church.
1534-1536	England breaks with the Roman Catholic	Jacques Cartier of France sails to North America.
	Church. Irish rebellion against Henry VIII.	•
	Pope Paul III asked for support.	
1537	Rebels are defeated and leaders are executed.	
	Henry VIII declared head of the Church of	
	Ireland.	
1541	Irish Parliament accepts Henry VIII as	Hernando de Soto explores Mississippi River
	King of Ireland.	valley.
1549-1557	Roman Catholic Mass outlawed in Ireland.	Ivan IV calls first national assembly in Russia.
	English settlers replace Irish tenants on	
	"plantations" in Ireland.	
1561-1583		Akbar the Great conquers China. Japan opens port
	lead guerrilla war against England.	of Nagasaki opened to trade.
1579	Pope Gregory XIII and Philip II of Spain	Founding of Dutch Republic. Portugal establishes
	support an Irish rebellion against England.	trade base in Bengal.
1583	Earl of Desmond executed. Lands are	C
	confiscated	
1593-1603	O'Donnells and O'Neills lead Irish chieftains in	1588- Defeat of Spanish Armada.
	Catholic rebellion against England. Hugh	1595- War between France and Spain.
	O'Neill declared unofficial Prince of Ireland.	1
1601	3,500 Spanish soldier land in Cork to support	Plot against Elizabeth I of England fails.
	the O'Neill rebellion. Combined Spanish-Irish	
	force is defeated.	
1641	Puritans in the English Parliament press for end	1641-1648- England torn by Civil War. Puritans
	to tolerance of Irish Catholicism. Ireland	control English Parliament.
	rebels. 12,000 Scottish and English planters are	
	killed in Ulster. Protestants in England charge	
	Irish Catholics with atrocities. English	
	Parliament votes to confiscate and resell	
	Catholic lands.	
1649	Oliver Cromwell and 12,000-man Puritan New	Charles I of England is beheaded.
	Model Army invade Ireland. Defenders of	
	captured towns are slaughtered. Rebellion	
	defeated.	
1653	Puritan dominated English Parliament	Oliver Cromwell named Lord Protector of
	abolishes the Irish Parliament. Irish lands are	England.
	confiscated. Irish landowners east of the	
	Shannon River face death or enslavement in the	
	West Indies.	
1685	Only 22% of the land of Ireland is owned by	Chinese ports opened to foreign trade. James II
	Irish Catholics.	becomes King of England.